



STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME TWELVE.

STONY PLAIN. ALBERTA THURSDAY.

OCT. 8, 1931

Whole Number 525

Elevators Take Action.

To meet the situation created by the large numbers of radio-informed market wise farmers who desire to sell on the latest market, street prices for grain are now being posted twice daily at the country elevators in central and northern Alberta. This brings all the prairies under the new system, first introduced Sept. 1st.

The increasing number of growers who listened in on the radio to get the trend of prices at Winnipeg every morning and marketed accordingly, forced the issue. On days when the market broke several points, grain would be rushed to the elevator before the agent would receive his new price list, but on days when the market rose, deliveries were deferred until the afternoon, it was claimed. Now business may proceed normally on the basis of the morning and afternoon price lists.

Changes in Motor Act.

Changes in the Act regulating bus and truck traffic in Alberta may be included in legislation at the next session of the Legislature, according to a statement credited to Premier Brownlee. A revision of the regulations probably will be made before the session opens.

Hon O L McPherson, minister of public works, has been gathering information from the States and other provinces and also as to the amount of such traffic in this province, this data being preliminary to the proposed revision. Mr McPherson, Premier Brownlee points out, feels strongly that there must be a closer control of the situation, the present regulations not being at present sufficiently strict, and the commercial bus and motor truck traffic not making an adequate and sufficient contribution to the upkeep of the highways in this province.

Air Circus on Saturday.

Saturday next, Oct. 10, is to be Stony Plain's day for flying, according to arrangements made by Flying Capt. Palmer. Some half dozen of the planes are expected to be present during the course of the day, and the spectators will have a busy time watching the many stunts which will be pulled off. All the pilots who will be engaged in the various stunts are experienced aviators.

The flying squadron will be under the leadership of Capt. J E Palmer, who will arrive in his Stinson cabin plane.

Among the other flyers will be Messrs Joe Patton, Howard Sangster and Ernest Kubicek. The latter birdman will be flying the stuntng plane, and will be carrying on the formation during the day.

The feature of the Air Circus will be the thrills provided by the very remarkable parachute jump given by Mrs J E Palmer.

There will be a passenger service at very reasonable rates.

Mills to Pay Bonus on Wheat

Under a new ruling of the Board of Grain Commissioners, the 5c wheat bonus will be paid to the grower "on wheat delivered to small mills for grinding into flour, provided that said mills are operating under license from the Board." This indicates that new wheat taken by the farmer to flour mills in Edmonton and other points where the mill operates under elevator license, shall qualify for the bonus regardless of whether cash is accepted and flour bought, an exchange made on a poundage scale, or the ordinary cash ticket is taken away.

Sweep the Bundle Racks.

The attention of threshers is called to the provisions of the Noxious Weeds Act. This Act provides that all bundle racks and threshing machines must be swept clean before moving from one farm to another, or moving on to the public highways. Failure to comply with the Act carries with it a fine. Co operation on the part of threshers will avoid a lot of unnecessary unpleasantness besides helping to keep the district free of weeds.

Regina Grain Fair, 1932.

The Swift Current district of Saskatchewan is preparing to show what it grows, at the World's Grain Exhibition & Conference at Regina next year. C M Weis, manager of large farm holdings in the Rhineland area, reports a splendid stand of his Reward wheat, running about 40 bu. to the acre, from which he intends to prepare exhibits for next year's world-wide exhibition, and which he expects will win him some of the cash awards.

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

Ladies' Fall Hats JUST ARRIVED.

Harvest Crockery Specials, in Cups and Saucers, Plates, Soups, etc

Men's Bib Overalls, Special, \$1.50.

Toweling, suitable for Harvesting, 15c. yard.

Your Last Chance on the Ontario Grapes, 59c.

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Agents Alberta Dairy Pool Cream.

Stony Plain Pharmacy.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

Rexall Cough Remedy	25c. and \$1
Rexall Cherry Bark	25c. and 50c.
Clarke's Menthol Cough Balsam	50c.
Clarke's Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne	50c.
Clarke's White Pine Compound	50c.
Boots' Meloloids	25c.
Boots' Eucalyptus and Menthol Pastilles	50c.
Boots' Blackcurrant and Glycerine Pastilles	50c.
Laxative Cold Tablets	25c.

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Buy Your School Supply Needs where a Full Stock is carried.

We have a Complete Stock of School Text Books and Supplies at All Times.

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Our prices on all Oils is reduced ; by the gallon.

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**STUNT FLYING. Passenger Flying
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Promptness and Accuracy.

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"SALADA"

TEA

'Fresh from the gardens'

A National Disgrace

With the advent of the first few chilly nights this Fall, the newspapers once again begin the gruesome task of printing reports of fires with their records of tragic loss of life, terrible sufferings and enormous loss of valuable property, caused in the vast majority of cases, through downright carelessness and disregard of the most obvious dictates of common sense. In the first week following a drop in temperature, the papers reported case after case of explosion, fire, and death following the improper use of kerosene stoves, fires in stoves. Yet people will persist in this highly dangerous practice.

Despite all the efforts of Government and municipal departments and officials, reinforced by those of insurance companies, the fire loss in Canada mounts steadily higher. Computed in dollars and cents alone Canadian fire losses in 1930 totalled over \$46,000,000. This does not take into account the loss of 237 lives, nor the expenses entailed for doctors, nurses, hospitals for a much larger number of persons severely burned. It does not include the enormous expense to which every urban community is put in maintaining elaborate and costly fire-fighting equipment, not the expensive insurance premiums which every owner of property is called upon to pay because the fire risk in Canada is so hazardous.

People today complain of depression, hard times and business losses, yet Canadians remain undisturbed over a condition largely preventable, by which is levying a direct tax on the use of millions of dollars a week. If because of hard times and consequent inability to pay rent or meet monthly payments, an average of three families a day were thrown out of their homes—a vigorous protest against heartless landlords and mortgage companies would be heard throughout the land, yet, according to recent figures made public, an average of three families were made homeless by fire in Saskatchewan alone every day in 1930, and the figure is even higher for the first half of 1931.

The figures are positively startling. In this one Canadian Province, (Saskatchewan), between January 1, 1930, and July 31, 1931, no less than 1,679 dwellings, 579 stores, 610 barns, and hundreds of other buildings were destroyed by fire. And hardly a protest is heard!

And this terrible loss, which is being duplicated proportionately in all other Provinces,—and which is going on at a time when the demand is being made to reduce legitimate expenditures all along the line, lower wages, eliminate all waste and extravagance—is largely preventable. This great loss, while it may be unavoidable, can be paid for by all necessary relief works throughout the Dominion, is the direct result of carelessness and recklessness of obviously dangerous conditions.

The work of education along lines of fire prevention must go on. It must be attempted on a scale hitherto unknown. It is gratifying to note that, in Saskatchewan at least, a well-organized campaign is being inaugurated among all school children, one designed to capture the imagination and assure the interest of all children.

But fire prevention campaigns and propaganda sufficient in themselves? In the past they have not been. The question arises, therefore, whether the time has not come in Canada to have an official inquiry into every fire that takes place, ascertain the cause and fix the blame, and, coupled with this, to make it an offence under the law for any person to have a fire from other than natural causes beyond their control, such as lightning, and made liable to a fine and subject to the payment of damages for any resultant loss to other people's property?

It is important, of course, to have a bill introduced in a fire if a fire occurs because of a dirty chimney, defective wiring, accumulated rubbish, or other preventable cause, and made to pay the costs of the fire department in extinguishing the blaze, and forced to make good any loss sustained by a neighbor because of his carelessness, then, possibly, a good many now very careless and thoughtless people would exercise more care.

And why, it may be asked, should the careless householder from a fire protection standpoint, be immune from the payment of penalties for his carelessness any more than the careless automobile driver, or industrialist who neglects to provide safeguards for his workmen?

The fire loss in Canada is a national disgrace, as well as constituting a huge annual national loss we can ill afford to suffer. It is time something effective,—drastic if necessary,—be done to not merely remedy, but remove this evil.

Canada In England

Dominion Took Prominent Part In Animal Exhibitions Held At Bristol

A prominent part taken by Canada in the annual exhibition at Bristol, England, from September 3rd to 16th. A Canadian section was organized consisting of the Government stand and individual booths occupied by private Canadian firms, according to an announcement of the Department of Trade and Commerce. The back-ground of the Government display is a large industrial map of Canada illustrating the points of production of many products exported to the United Kingdom.

A Prince Among Merchants

Heir To British Throne Has Good Business Head

Though it is true the Prince is not engaged either in a manufacture or in the export trade, it is a mistake to think he has no business experience. He has, however, a set idea to manage both here and in Canada; and, even though he leaves the details to others, he cannot help learning the broad principles that underlie all business transactions; and that he has grasped these, and has himself what is known as "a good head for business," is proved by the readiness of business men to listen to him, and their high opinion of his judgment.

Could Not Check the Summer Complaint

A Few Doses Did It

Mrs. R. Coulter, 918-11th Ave. E., Calgary, Alta., writes:—“Last summer my youngest son was very bad with summer complaint, and everything he ate he would vomit, and he got so thin I became very much worried. I could not get the discharges checked, so went to Dr. Fowlers Extract of Wild Strawberries, and told him it would stop the trouble if anything would. After I had given the boy the first few doses I noticed the discharges were being checked, and it was not long before he was well again.”



Railway Accidents

One Hundred and Ninety-One Mishaps During the Month of June,

Reported

There were 191 railway accidents during the month of June, a report issued by the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada shows. Twenty-five persons were killed and 183 injured in these accidents, besides which there were 11 persons killed and 31 injured in 24 "railway accidents" at highway crossings.

Ontario led with 16 crossing accidents; Quebec had five, New Brunswick two, Nova Scotia one, and the rest of the provinces none, during the month. Of the 24 accidents, six occurred at protected and 18 at unprotected crossings. Twenty occurred during the day and four at

Save On Pensions

Decision Of Federal Government Will Assist Alberta

Starting at the rate of \$250,000 a year will be made to the Alberta provincial treasury by the decision of the Dominion Government to take over 75 per cent. of the old age pensions payments, advice of which has just been received from Ottawa.

The new arrangement will date from July last. It will involve a revision of the agreement between the provinces and Dominion, but this, it is stated by Premier Brownlie, will be only a formality and will be attended to at once.

The division of the responsibility for old age pensions, as between the two governments, has heretofore been on a fifty-fifty basis, Alberta's total budget for the purpose being \$1,000,000. On this a saving of 25 per cent. will now be made to the province.



When

TEETHING makes HIM FUSSY

One of the most important things you can do to make a teething baby comfortable is to have him lie down to do the work of carrying off waste matter promptly and regularly. For this nothing is better than Castoria, a pure, gentle, non-oily liniment specially made for babies and children. Castoria acts so gently you can give it to young infants to relieve them of discomfort. Yet it is always effective for older children too. Remember, Castoria contains no harsh drugs, no narcotics—is absolutely harmless. When your baby is fretful with teething, give a food upset, give a cleansing dose of Castoria. Be sure you get genuine Castoria with the name:

Castor Oil

CASTORIA
CHILDREN CRY FOR IT

Giant Airship Tested

The U.S.S. Akron Carried 113 Passengers On Trial Trip

The U.S.S. Akron has been taken upon her first flight and came down safely at Akron, Ohio, three hours and 47 minutes later.

The flight was the first test of the world's largest dirigible, built here for the United States navy, and the Akron went through it in a manner highly pleasing to navy officials.

The ship carried 113 men, the most ever carried in the air in the United States and believed by navy officials to be the largest passenger list of any airship in the world.

Sleep is the great nourisher of infants, and without peaceful sleep the child will not thrive. This cannot be got if the infant is troubled with worms. Mrs. A. Womack Powley will destroy worms and drive them from the system, and afterwards the child's rest will be undisturbed. The powders she uses are the most delicate today, and there is nothing so efficient for restoring the health of a worm-worn infant.

Up the People

All the Government measures in the world cannot create prosperity, says the London Daily Express. They can break down barriers. They can clear the channels. But in the end the manufacturers, the worker, the wholesaler and the retailer must carry the responsibility on their shoulders. Leave government to the Government.

They are quite adequate to the present emergency. As for the rest of us, let's get on with our jobs—and begin to day.

And Now

Waiting. Waiting. And do your children use a toothbrush regularly?

Food Parent—"Do they brush?" First thing when they get up in the morning, it's a race to see which one can get to the toothbrush first!"

Frozen Strawberries

New Process For Packing Adopted By B.C. Growers

Frozen strawberries and other small fruit will be shipped from Vancouver Island in steadily increasing volume, following the adoption of a new process for packing, in the opinion of Captain F. Livesey, manager of the Saanich Fruit Growers Association, who expects that the plan will absorb a large part of this year's surplus. A company has been formed with a capital of \$75,000, and with the growers as chief stockholders, which expects to handle at least 30 tons of strawberries and loganberries this season.

Persian Balm—Invaluable to the whole family. To the mother, a flawless aid to loveliness. To the child a soothing, healing balm. And to the father, a splashing, cooling, relaxing and healing lotion. Persian Balm tones and refreshes the skin. Makes hands delightfully soft and white. Helps to destroy warts. A little gentle rubbing and it is absorbed by the tissues, making the skin truly rose-leaf in texture.

Where Man Falls

There are fifty million flood victims starving in China and the granaries of Canada and the United States are bursting with millions of bushels of wheat for which there is no market. The people will likely continue to buy the wheat until the bins continue to bulge in the bins in which it is stored. Such is the world's system of transportation and distribution in emergencies.

Thirty-six tons of strawberries were carried by aeroplane from the Netherlands to London in May.

W. N. U. 1910

A Powerful Locomotive

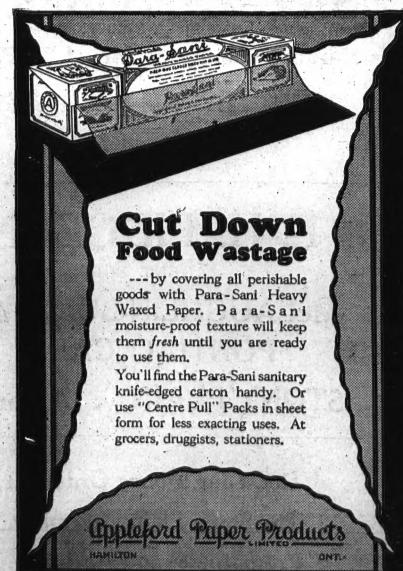
The most powerful locomotive of its kind in cylinder type engine, left Smith Falls recently for Montreal, drawing a freight train of 96 cars of grain, a dynamometer and a van weighing 5,123 tons, the whole train being a mile in length. It arrived at its destination the same day when the grain was unloaded for shipment overseas.

for NEURALGIA
A good application of Minard's Liniment to the sore spot just "hits the spot". You'll find that you get wonderful relief!

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
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PATENTS

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Cut Down Food Wastage

—by covering all perishable goods with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. Para-Sani moisture-proof texture will keep them fresh until you are ready to use them.

You'll find the Para-Sani sanitary knife-edged carton handy. Or use "Centre Pull" packs in sheet form for less exacting uses. At grocers, druggists, stationers.

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Saskatchewan Sodium Sulphate Deposits Are Fast Becoming Of Major Importance To Province

One of the most interesting and important developments of mining in Western Canada recently, says the Manitoba Chamber of Mines, has been the activity in connection with the big sodium sulphate deposits of Saskatchewan. Considered upon as "alkali sloughs" of no economic value, these Saskatchewan deposits are already becoming of major importance. Shipments in 1930 totalled 31,571 tons valued at \$293,347, compared with 5,018 tons valued at \$64,112 in 1929.

The Horseshoe Lake Mining Company at Ormsiston, the principal producers, are shipping their sodium sulphate to the International Nickel Company's plant at Copper Cliff and to the sulphate-pulp mills. The Horseshoe Lake deposit is estimated to contain over 9,000,000 tons. Shipments average almost three cars of sodium sulphate per day; and, in addition, besides other supplies, the operation requires the use of thirty carloads of coal per day, the coal being used to drive off the moisture content.

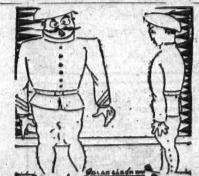
In 1929 imports of nitre cake used in nickel refining in Canada amounted to 30,900 tons. It would require 45,000 tons of the natural sodium sulphate from Saskatchewan to manufacture this quantity of nitre cake. In addition, in 1929, salt cake consumed by the pulp and paper mills totalled 44,822 tons. It appears probable, says same authority, that in 1931 much more of the pulp mill requirements will be supplied from Saskatchewan deposits.

The development of the "alkali sloughs" of Saskatchewan dates from the time of the war, when there was an exceptional demand for new sources of potash. Investigations carried on at that time demonstrated that there was a abundance of potash in some of the investigated areas. The matter further and found that there was an abundance of sodium sulphate. The market for this product has been successfully developed in recent years, and the sales field is increasing. Sodium sulphate was first used as a medicine under the name of Glauber Salts. More recently demand has arisen for it in a number of industries. These include the making of kraft paper, the refining of nickel, the manufacture of window and plate glass, the dye and textile industries, tanning preparations, electro-chemistry and electro-plating and the explosives industry.

Some of the more important deposits of sodium sulphate lie in a remote situation in the Manitoba Chamber of Mines are the Horseshoe Lake deposit, the Mutsukhi Lake deposit and the Frederick Lake deposit. It is estimated by the Chamber of Mines that there are very large quantities of sodium sulphate available. Deposits lend themselves to ready measurement and those gauged to date total over 100,000,000 tons. Considering the other large number of known, but as yet unmeasured deposits, there is not much question but that Saskatchewan has at least 250,000,000 tons. Many fine individual occurrences running from 3,000,000 to 4,000,000 tons up to 10,000,000 and 15,000,000 tons are within easy and economic access.

Frozen Fish Sent Across Canada

The first regular shipments following the experimental shipment of quick frozen fish across Canada recently, comprising seven cars from Prince Rupert, passed through Winnipeg a few weeks ago over the Canadian National Railways enroute to the east for consumption in the United States and Eastern Canada.



"How can you have the nerve to look me in the face?"
"Well, sergeant, one can get used to anything."—Gutiérrez, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1930

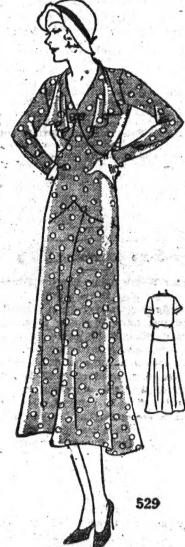
King Crowned Annually

Ceremony Observed Every Year Before People In Uganda

The native king of Tooro, Uganda, is normally crowned. But he is not a new king. The coronation is an annual event. The ceremony takes place on top of King's Hill, where King George Rukidi meets his chiefs and people. The king, who has visited England and been received by King George V, also attended the British Empire's coronation last fall. The King's coronation robes include a great cowrie shell headgear, with a long, silvery-white colobus monkey skin head attached. On top of his enormous headdress is placed the actual crown, which is a small red cap. The most impressive part of the ceremony comes when the King walks alone to a small hut, before which, amid silence, he stands motionless and looks across his country for three minutes. After the ceremony the King changes into a European suit, and the Princess and the Queen Mother receive European visitors, while the King talks in English to his guests and a football match proceeds outside.



By Annette



529

NEW SLENDERIZING LINES PROVIDE SMARTNESS AND MUCH CHARM

It is a crepe silk print in rich burgundy shade.

The neckline is unusually smart. All note the upward pointed treatment of the bodice and hipline seamings.

It's as simple as falling off a log to make it.

Style No. 529 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20, years 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. The 36-inch size requires 3 1/2 yards of 45-inch material. A 1/2 yard of lace satin would be just splendid for this model.

Then too, you'll like it in supple wool.

All patterns 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. Size.

Name.

Town.

Trade Ship From Canada

Will Leave Halifax In January On Trip To West Indies

The West Indies were the first lands to which Columbus made his voyage of discovery in 1492. For years writers have made them the scene of tales of piracy and adventure and in more recent times of stories of voodooism and romance.

When, however, the S.S. New Northland, sails from Halifax on Jan. 8, 1932, the passengers will not be going in search of romance or buried treasure, but will endeavour to seek treasure of a more practical kind for Canada and more friendly relations between this country and the smaller units of the British Empire which they will visit.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association and the Canadian-West Indian League and the Clarke Steamship Company are co-operating in organizing the cruise to Bermuda, the British West Indies, British Guiana, the Bahamas and Cuba.

The lounge of the ship will be divided into booths for the exhibition of Canadian manufactured goods and other produce of this country. Further space for exhibits will be provided under decks and in the state-rooms.

The cruise will occupy almost two months and between the time of leaving Halifax and the date of return, March 4, 13 ports will have been visited. At none of these ports will the party remain less than one day and at Kingston, Jamaica, the ship will be in harbour for four days.

In addition to the organizations sponsoring the tour, support is being given the undertaking by Boards of Trade and Chambers of Commerce throughout Canada.

Butter Exports Grow

Heavy Increase In Amount Of Butter Exported Is Shown

That Canada is definitely on an export market basis in so far as butter is concerned is increasingly apparent with each succeeding issue of the market report of the Dominion Dairy and Cold Storage Branch. Exports of butter for this season, since May 1, total 105,452 packages as compared with 3,068 packages for the corresponding period last year. Also evident is a swing of butter-fat from cheese to butter. Cheese exports last year, May 1 to August 29, 1931 totalled 349,100 boxes, as compared with 374,457 boxes for the same period last year.

Going out to hunt for butter is an ordinary experience in Trinidad, where the natives catch fat young "oil birds" and melt down a supply of butter.

610 acres were sown to wheat.

Meat Packing Enjoys Rating As One Of Leading Manufacturing Industries Of The Dominion

Was Once Called "Shaddock"

Capital Of That Name Discovered Grapefruit In Polynesian Islands

Grapefruit, which some "low down" columnist might refer to as a "juicy" topic of discussion, is certainly gaining a place in the world. Shipments of grapefruit to Great Britain and Europe were recently reported to be making strong gains each year, while on this continent it is said to be a strong rival of the orange at breakfast time.

As it happened the grapefruit had more to do with it is related to the grapefruit or is related to the grapefruit or is related to the moon to Limburger cheese. Its original name was the "shaddock," after it was discovered by George Shaddock in the Polynesian Islands. Because it grows in clusters, and for no other reason, it was forced to get along under its present title. Horticulturists having been trying in vain to rechristen it "pomelo."

Back in 1909, 1,000,189 boxes of the fruit were grown. In 20 years the number increased to 9,218,000 boxes.

A native of the East Indies, it was brought to the West Indies, Florida and California, and has spread to Arizona and Texas. California has 9,000 acres of bearing trees. Arizona has 2,830 acres, Florida has 75,000 acres, while Texas, the State of oil seeds, has 1,000 acres of bearing trees. Each state has many trees, non-bearing as yet.

Grapefruit indeed, it might be said, is getting more and more in the public eye!

Soldier Settler's Victory

Awarded Alberta Champchampionship Best Field Of Grain

Pace bath her victories no less renowned than war, as James Hazlett, of Balmoral, near Red Deer, a former Canadian soldier in the Great War has demonstrated. He has been awarded the championship for the Province of Alberta for this year's best field of standing grain.

The prize-winning field was ten acres of Marquis wheat grown on breaking, and it was first entered in the Field Crop Competition of the Red Deer Agricultural Society, where it won first prize. It is expected to yield 50 bushel to the acre. This year Hazlett had 777 acres in crop of which 610 acres were sown to wheat.

The turn of a woman's head often turns a man's head.

WILL FILM THE AURORA BOREALIS



Photo - Canadian National Railway.

Three explorers and scientists, representing the United States Government and Canadian Railways. Equipped with motion picture cameras possessing an exceptionally high rate of speed and with films sensitive to all the colors of the spectrum, they will film the Aurora Borealis, as a preliminary to the scientific investigations of Arctic atmospheric phenomena which will be conducted next year by parties sent by all nations interested in Arctic exploration. In charge of the party is Capt. Flavel M. Williams (on steps). His companions are (left) A. Louis, assistant scientist and camera man, and (right) Robert Marshall, color expert. At Manitoba's ocean port they found an additional interest awaiting them in the loading of the first grain cargoes. They plan to photograph the events of this historic occasion in true colours.

Slaughtering and meat packing is one of the leading manufacturing industries of Canada. It ranks second in the list in order of value of production and is preceded by the pulp and paper industry only. On the basis of the value of materials used it comes first in the list. There were 76 slaughtering and meat packing plants in operation in Canada in 1929, which was an increase of two over 1928. Production last year, however, was lower than in 1928, which was the record year in the industry since the post-war boom.

The value of production of the slaughtering and meat packing industry in 1930 was \$164,029,563, while the value in 1929 was \$185,842,902. The capital invested in the industry in 1930 amounted to \$60,778,996, of which sum land, buildings and machinery accounted for \$32,798,885, materials, products and supplies on hand for \$15,442,178, and cash and accounts and bills receivable for \$12,538,233.

The number of animals slaughtered in Canadian plants in 1930 was 3,987,815. Of these were cattle 627,170, sheep 1,255, showed lambs 758,170, goats 2,206,630 and calves, 305,884. The dressed weight of the animals slaughtered amounted to 724,024,410 pounds and the cost value to \$104,315,270. Decreases from the preceding year were shown in the number, weight and value of beesves and hogs slaughtered, while increases were shown in calves. Increases are reported in the number and weight of sheep and lambs slaughtered but there was a decrease in the cost value. Dressed meat purchased by the plants in 1930 in a fresh or partly cured state amounted to 70,538,745 pounds valued at \$11,011,881, and the poultry used showed a total of 6,240,959 pounds with a value of \$1,468,593.

The largest center of the slaughtering and meat packing industry in 1930 was in Ontario, where 24 establishments were operating. In the Province of Quebec the number was 17; British Columbia had nine, New Brunswick, eight, Manitoba and Alberta six each, Saskatchewan, three, Prince Edward Island, two, and Nova Scotia, one. The plants generally are of large capacity, only 16 of them in 1930 having a product valued at less than \$100,000. Establishments with a product valued at from \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 numbered 25, while those with a product valued at \$1,000,000 or over numbered 35.

The consumption of beef and pork in the Dominion in 1930 is reported as being less than in 1929, while there was an increase in the consumption of chicken and lamb. The consumption of beef per capita last year is placed at 67.59 pounds, that of pork at 74.92 pounds, while that of mutton and lamb was 7.11 pounds. In the previous year the consumption of beef per capita was 68.13, pork 81.52, and mutton and lamb 7.03 pounds.

New Glass Is Flexible

A flexible glass has been invented in Europe. It is made largely from vegetable products. It has every appearance of genuine glass and does not look in the least like celluloid, yet it is said a sheet of it can be rolled up as easily as a piece of stiff paper, and it can be dropped or twisted or bent without injury.

The only absolute monarchies are the Empire of Abyssinia, the Kingdom of Siam and the Empire of Morocco.



"Where is your licence to carry fire-arms?"

"What fire-arms am I carrying?"

"That cigar."—Hummel, Hamburg.



The Rescuer (to mate engaged in demolishing high building): "Arry! I 'opes you 'aven't bin buyin' cheap trousis!"—London Opinion.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Hon. George Headley says no more. Hutterite immigration is to be allowed into the province of Alberta.

H. G. Wells, noted author, advises the world should be declared bankrupt and its debts written off.

More than 3,600,000 pounds of freight were carried by French air lines last year.

The Graf Zeppelin returned to Friedrichshafen from her third cruise to Brazil, making the trip in 79 hours from Pernambuco.

Powdered or pulverized coal as fuel for cargo ships is being suggested as a means of relieving unemployment in the coal industry in Britain.

The disarmament committee of the League of Nations adopted a resolution designed to prepare for a possible one-year truce in armaments beginning November 1.

A consignment of more than a million Canadian apples soon will be on sale in automatic vending machines on Paris boulevards, as the first step in a big campaign to make France eat Canadian fruit.

Professor Albert Einstein has booked passage to the United States. The purpose of the professor's visit is to continue the studies he began last year at Mt. Wilson Observatory, in California.

The new home of the Canadian Club of New York, recently opened, is a self-contained unit on three floors of the new Waldorf Astoria. The new premises are specially designed and decorated to invent them with a distinctly Canadian character.

Thousands of citizens headed by civic, provincial and military officials of Fredericton, N.B., extended a greeting to the Earl of Beaconsfield, Governor-General of Canada, on the occasion of his Excellency's first official tour of the Maritime Provinces.

By Special Request

Little Betty's birthday was approaching a fact she was at no pains to conceal from her friends.

"Yes, darling!" said Aunt Jane. "I'm keeping it in mind and will send you a lovely present."

"Thanks, ever so much, auntie," said Betty, "and you will see that it's not something useful!"



"What You can laugh when you are being executed?"

"Yes, I am thinking of the electricity bill you will have at the end of the month!"—Muske, Vienna.

W. N. U. 1910

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

OCTOBER 11

PAUL IN PHILIPPI

Gospel Text: "Rejoice in the Lord always; again I will say, Rejoice."—Philippians 4:4.

Lesson: Acts 16:4-40; Philippians 4:4-9.

Devotional Reading: Romans 8:35-39.

Explanations and Comments

The Fortune-Telling Maid of Phillipi, Acts 16:16-18.—Our text (the entire text) immediately follows that of last week. As you saw, Paul at Philippi had come to meet with a local enigma that knew nothing of Judaism, and at first found only a small group of women prepared by Jewish teachers to believe in the gospel. He must have remained for some time in the city, for he organized a church which, though probably not large, became a flourishing institution as became a flourishing institution as we know from the letter he wrote to it.

The only event between the conversion of Lydia and Paul's arrival to Thessalonica which Luke records in the Acts is the story which we study today.

There was a maid at Phillipi who had a spirit of divination, or a Python, as is the marginal reading,—so termed "from the tradition that the pythons, deliverers of oracles at Delphi, were dragons." Delphi, as we know, was called a python, and according to Plutarch that was the name of the serpent which he studied.

There also existed a spirit of divination which was exercised by a certain woman named Tychicus, who was inspired. She greatly disturbed Paul, following him and Silas and crying, "These men are servants of the Most High God, who will bring us salvation!" for her

reverent chanted drew a crowd of curious seekers. Professor Ramsay thinks that she was a spirit of evil, and that she was distorted and disfigured by her belief in her supernatural possession.

But all the more acute in certain perceptions and intuitions did she have, alive to the moral influence which the intense faith of the strangers gave them. At length she turned to her, and the name of Jesus Christ became the name of her salvation.

In her very real way she had a mental condition from which many individuals are relieved by Paul's command. Nothing further is told about her. One commentator whose sympathy she has aroused expresses the opinion that she was partake of the general contempt held of women in the society of Lydia and the other Christian churches.

Philip and the Interests Disturbed, Acts 16:19-23.—The slave girl had lost faith in her own powers and the people no longer believed her. She could tell no more fortunes, and was no longer permitted to have any. She was accused of being a sorceress, who unjustly convicted them and ordered them to be stripped of their clothing, beaten, and thrown into prison.

"Peace does not mean the end of our striving. Joy does not mean the drying of our tears."

Peace is the power that comes to souls arriving.

Up to the light where God Himself appears.

"Joy is the wine that God is ever pouring.

Into the hearts of those who strive with Him;

Lighting their eyes to vision and seeing.

Strengthening their arms to warfare glad and grim."

SASKATCHEWAN WEED EXPERIMENTAL FARMS

(By S. H. Vigor, Saskatchewan Field Crops Commissioner)

The weed menace in Saskatchewan has become so acute, and definite experimental work on weed control has been so limited, that the Saskatchewan Government deemed it advisable to institute definite experimental and demonstrational work on the control of weeds for the benefit of the farmers of the province. Consequently in the spring of 1929 the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture organized a provincial programme of research work for the study of weed control methods and problems. This work was placed under the direction of Dr. L. E. Kirk of the University of Saskatchewan.

In 1929, land was secured at Lockwood, near the site of wild mustard, wild oats, stinkweed and Canada thistle. The years 1930 and 1931 were extremely dry and the results obtained were negligible; but the experimental work was thoroughly organized and much valuable experience was secured. In the spring of 1931 this work was transferred to the newly-organized Dominion Experimental sub-station at Regina.

In the spring of 1930, the Saskatchewan Government purchased a section and a half at Lockwood. This farm was heavily populated with wild oats, Canada thistle, perennial sow thistle and couch grass, besides other weeds.

The coarse or quick grass had become introduced with broom grass and had taken possession of a large portion of the pasture. The soil on this farm is light and drifts easily thus complicating the problem of weed control.

When the farm was secured in 1930, most of the seeding had been completed. Weeds and soil drifting did considerable damage, and a lot of the crop was cut for feed on account of wild oats and other noxious weeds. This was fed during the winter month to a carload of steers bought in the Moose Jaw stock yards.

Soil Drift Checked

The immediate problem was to prevent soil drifting. This was done by sowing fine rye on a large area. He had produced a good clean crop which had been disposed of as seed.

Soil drifting in the Lockwood district was worse in the spring of 1931 than in 1930, but he had established a experimental farm. This may have been due to the kind of tillage, given the previous year, in which the previous digging had been done.

Forage crops have been introduced on a small scale, and include alfalfa, sweet clover, and western ryegrass. These have given good results and will provide forage and pasture for the livestock which is becoming gradually introduced, which is being tried different crops and crop rotations are being tested and it is expected a great deal of useful information will be secured.

In addition to the usual farm practices being tested, experiments have been undertaken in control of weeds by different chemicals. This involved the use of various cutting methods being tried, different crops and crop rotations are being tested and it is expected a great deal of useful information will be secured.

Experiments conducted the economic value of any practice is being kept under review, and the cost of the weed can be determined. The problem however, is to eradicate or control weeds while at the same time making it profitable to the farmer.

Experiments cost money to carry on and many of them may fail, but failing give useful information which can be used to find out what some particular idea or practice will not give the results anticipated, and in discovering this one can never make mistakes of value. These valuable discoveries can then be made use of and applied under regular farm practice.

Summer Field Day

In August of the year 100 field day was held attended by over 100 farmers who were shown over the fields on the farm. Explanations of the practical work were given by Mr. Kip.

In September the Hon. W. C. Buckle, Minister of Agriculture, received the following letter indicating appreciation of the work accomplished by those in charge of the farm:

"Although living twenty miles west of here, I am quite interested in the Government experimental farm at Lockwood. I helped

The ADVENTURES OF CAPTAIN JIMMY and his Dog SCOTIE

WHAT CAME BEFORE—After Captain Jimmy had been rescued from the desert island, by the "Madrigal," they sighted a strange looking craft moving towards them. Chung takes the telescope and tries to identify the ships.

The telescope suddenly collapsed in Chung's hands, and the telescope will not work again. When Chung was at sea, he was dismayed—where was he? He was delighted when he saw the "Madrigal" Magic Eye that showed him the objects close up. Chung's clothes were all gone, and he was shivering.

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BRITISH GENERAL ELECTIONS STILL IN THE BALANCE

London, Eng.—The general election still wavers in the balance. Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald's cryptic replies in the House of Commons gave the political prophet new material. He announced the House would adjourn, but he did not say anything about dissolution or an election.

Most members of the House regard dissolution as almost inevitable. They hold the movement for an election has gone too far to be stemmed. The common impression is that adjournment of Parliament will be followed by a proclamation of dissolution. But the Government has not yet reached a final decision, it is intimated.

From his Surrey home, Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George, veteran Liberal leader, is showing his hand. Sir Herbert Samuel, acting Liberal leader, had a long conference with him at Churt, and rumours were current of sharp differences of opinion.

Efforts in the last few days have been directed towards discovery of a formula on tariffs which will satisfy both the Conservative and the official Liberals of the National Government.

The Liberals, who were willing to accept emergency tariffs if, after investigation, they were proved necessary to restore trade prosperity, but a preliminary investigation they regard as essential.

Nor Lloyd George, it is stated in Liberal circles, takes the further ground that the Liberal agreement to consider emergency tariffs is contingent on there being no election. If Sir Herbert Samuel agrees with his Conservative cabinet colleagues to an election, the Liberals may split.

Attends Quaker Meeting

Mahatma Gandhi Goes To Prayer Meeting and Maintains Silence

London, Eng.—Mahatma Gandhi, Hindu Nationalist leader, and Lord Sankey, Lord High Chancellor, who is presiding over the Indian Round Table Conference committee meetings, went to a Quaker prayer meeting and sat side by side for half an hour while nobody spoke a word. At the end of the period the assembly, still silent, arose from its seats and dispersed.

The Mahatma then went to a hotel to meet His Highness the Aga Khan, spiritual leader of the Moslem world, for a further attempt at an approach between Moslems and Hindus. Earlier in the day both Gandhi and the Aga Khan had separate conversations with Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald.

Coal For Churchill

S.S. Farnsworth Brought Cargo Of British Coal To Northern Port

Montreal, Que.—Churchill received her first consignment of British coal when the S.S. Farnsworth arrived there September 10, to load the initial shipment of grain from Canada's new port on Hudson Bay, pointed out Thomas Harling, Montreal ship agent, referring to the "bunker" coal put before loading when he said the ground was no more than 100 tons.

The movement indicated a possible trend for the future, as lower rates on eastward movement of grain could be obtained if it was possible to carry a cargo of coal westward for discharge at the new bay port, Mr. Harling said.

Heavy Snow At Aklavit

Aklavit, N.W.T.—Twice forced down the banks of the Mackenzie by fog and repeatedly delayed by fog, sleet and snow, the Canadian Airways "plane C.A.S.Q. reached here Sept. 30, to find winter set in and Aklavit under eight inches of snow. The plane left for the south with a heavy consignment of southbound mail.

Employ a Thousand Men

Winnipeg, Man.—Approximately 1,000 engineers and technicians will be employed on the construction of the Manitoba section of the trans-Canada Highway. The work, which provides only for the eastern part of the road, has been approved by both Dominion and Provincial Governments.

W. N. U. 1910

Sets New World Mark

British Flier Breaks Own Record Made In Schneider Race

London, Eng.—Flight Lieutenant H. Stainforth established a new world aeroplane speed record of 408.3 miles an hour over a three-kilometer course at Calshot, it has been officially announced.

Lieutenant Stainforth broke his own record of 379.05 miles an hour, made in the Schneider trophy race on September 13. He flew a seaplane fitted with special engines.

The announcement was made following a prolonged examination and comparison of the judges' checks. The following speeds were finally given for the four successive laps: 415.2; 405.1; 409.3, and 405.4.

These gave an average speed of 408.8 miles an hour.

The racing seaplane flown by Lieutenant Stainforth was fitted with what is claimed to be the most powerful engine ever built and it was designed for this flight alone, achieving an amazing speed of 415.2 miles an hour on one of the four laps.

Viscount Byng Retires

Ends Three Year Term As Chief Of Scotland Yard Force

London, Eng.—"I am, as you know, sorry to leave," said Viscount Byng of Vimy, as he left Scotland Yard for the last time. His retirement as Chief Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police and head of Scotland Yard ended a three-year term in which he effected a wide reorganization of the great force, undertaken only two years after the end of his term as Governor-General of Canada.

"Age and health are the sole reasons which compel me to go," Lord Byng added. "I am responsible for neither of them. The police force, I can say truthfully, is in the best force in the world. It is keeping pace with no other with modern scientific developments in regard to wireless and every other form of advancement that can help it in countering the activities of the criminal."

"Leave the force with great feelings of affection."

Sell Butter To States

Discount On Canadian Dollar May Make It Profitable

Montreal, Que.—Canada may sell butter in the United States shortly if the large discount on the Canadian dollar is widened, according to opinions expressed on the butter market Wednesday, Sept. 30.

The United States has a duty of 14 cents a pound on butter, just as Canada has. United States butter dealers estimated they could lay butter down in New York at 32 cents per pound, a little under the market there. Local price is around 19 cents.

"As You Were"

Return of the Ever Popular Dumbells To Western Canada

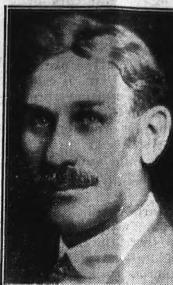
Winnipeg, Man.—A brief glance at the theatrical situation in Canada shows the same condition that has prevailed for the last two or three years. There are a lot of shows on the books. Several whose dates were set for early in the season have cancelled, and the only attraction that is keeping to their original bookings and playing right across Canada is our own representative company, "The Dumbells," now on their thirteenth annual tour of the Dominion.

"The Dumbells" are booked for the west shortly, when they will present a new and, from all reports excellent, overseas revue, called "As You Were." The military sounding title was chosen advisedly to convey the glad news that "The Dumbells" are once more an all-men organization—as they were in France, and for their first ten years in Canada.

Ross Hamilton is back, sharing the star honours with Al Plunkett and "Red" Nease. Other featured impersonators are G. Allen, the clever dancer of a few seasons ago; Don Romaine, the internationally famous impersonator of coloured fables; and the burlesque beauty brigade. The Dumbells are also featuring a ten piece stage band under the direction of Captain W. Plunkett.

The Dumbells will play at the Walker Theatre, Winnipeg, this week, then Capitol Theatre, Regina, Oct. 12, 13, 14, Capital Theatre, Saskatoon, Oct. 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, Edmonton, Oct. 19th week, and Grand Theatre, Calgary, Oct. 26th week.

SUGGESTS PLAN



Hon. Peter Heenan, former Minister of Labor in the Canadian Liberal Government, proposes a five-million dollar insurance fund to protect railway workers from lay-offs such as are being experienced at present. He unfolded his plan when addressing a service club in Ottawa.

Praises Hospital Work

Ron. R. B. Bennett Addresses Large Gathering In Toronto

Toronto, Ont.—In words of highest encouragement and appreciation of the work of medical science for the preservation of the race and happiness, Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister, addressed the American Hospital Association here. The past 50 or 60 years, Premier Bennett declared, had witnessed greater advance in medical science than in all the preceding centuries.

"As I review the advances of mankind," the Prime Minister told his audience of medical practitioners gathered from Canada and the United States, "I find during the past 50 or 60 years progress has been made against disease and illness than in all the centuries preceding that period." On behalf of Canada, he offered a hearty welcome to the delegates.

"While we may find that frontiers of science and customs duties are imposed," Premier Bennett added with a touch of humor, "there are no frontiers and no customs barriers imposed against the united efforts of our friends to the south and our country for the good of suffering humanity."

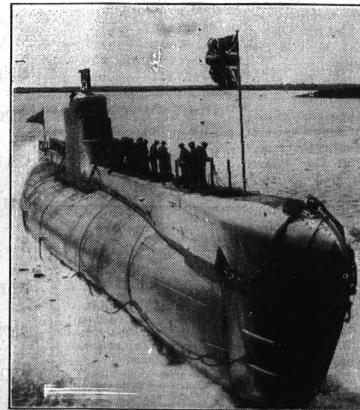
Issue New Postage Stamp

Ottawa, Ont.—The confederation and historical series of postage stamps issued some time ago by the post office department has just been rounded out by the issue of a stamp in memory of Sir Georges Etienne Cartier. It is greyish green in colour and has a postage value of 10 cents.

Will Honour Obligation

Toronto, Ont.—"Canada will honour her obligations in accordance with the terms of the borrowing contracts," This was the emphatic comment of Premier R. B. Bennett in referring to the financial situation. There was no other statement to make, the Prime Minister added.

BRITISH SUBS GO TO CHINA



Above is a picture of the "Proteus," one of the four new British submarines in the "P" class, the latest thing in underwater fighting craft, which has left British waters to start open submarine warfare against roving Chinese pirates who prey on foreign and Chinese ships in the Biss Bay area. She will join the "Poseidon," "Perseus" and "Pandora," in the scrap.

Riots At Estevan

Grim Toll Of Death and Destruction As Police Battle With Mob

Estevan, Sask.—Warfare broke out in the town of Estevan leaving in its wake a grim toll of death and destruction as police battled for three-quarters of an hour with a mob of striking miners.

Five strikers were killed by rifle bullets, five strikers gravely injured, five bystanders and two policemen injured during the fracas.

Nick Narwan, one of the dead, was shot through the heart as he mounted a fire truck which was used to play water on the rioters. Julian Jryshko, Biensat, was shot in the abdomen as he was milling in front of the town hall with the rioters. He died as he was brought into the Estevan hospital waiting room.

One mounted police officer, Constable Sutherland, R.C.M.P., was gravely injured during the riot. Constable Palmer had his arm fractured by an iron bar, and others received scalp wounds from flying rocks and pieces of wood. Most of the policemen were able to carry on after emergency treatment.

The riot was precipitated when the strikers, four hundred in number, decided to hold a parade and demonstration in Estevan in defiance of an edict forbidding this. Thirteen arrests were made by the police.

Famous British Artist

Death Reported Of Sir William Orpen After Long Illness

London, Eng.—At the comparatively early age of 53 years Sir William Orpen, distinguished Irish artist, president of the International Society of Sculptors, Painters and Engravers for the past ten years, died Wednesday night, Sept. 30. He had been ill for a considerable period.

Sir William's most notable work was probably in the field of portraiture, and noted critics have commented that his decided bent to the satiric and summary method brings some of them close to caricature. A heated controversy was aroused over what was virtually his last painting, "Pain Sunday, A.D. 23," exhibited at the last meeting of the Royal Academy—a study of Christ on a donkey, going to Jerusalem.

Coal Production Declines

LEAGUE FAILS TO AGREE ON AN ARMS TRUCE

Geneva, Switzerland.—The League of Nations Assembly adjourned after a final gesture towards an arms truce in preparation for the 1932 world disarmament conference.

Unable to agree on an extensive programme which might improve prospects for the conference next February, the assembly limited itself to requesting the governments which have been invited to the conference to notify the league secretariat before November 1, if they are disposed to accept an arms truce.

The league attempted to put through Italian Foreign Minister Dino Gradi's project for a one-year truce by all nations, but the proposal met with objections from various nations.

The assembly also asked the world powers to submit statistics of their present armaments, retaining its previous request for such information. Only 25 out of 62 nations involved have submitted the statistics to date.

Nicolae Titulescu, of Roumania, president of the assembly, said that, largely as a result of his assembly's work, the date for the disarmament conference had not been changed from February, and that all efforts to postpone the meeting had been rejected.

Titulescu also paid tribute to the league's newest member, Mexico, saying that her participation would constitute one of the most important of the league's advanced toward universalism.

Alejandro Lerroux, of Spain, president of the council, said prior to adjournment, that he had hoped to report final solution of the Manchurian conflict.

Despite the council's greatest efforts, he said, the goal had not yet been attained.

The council counts on Japan's declaration that she has no territorial ambitions in Manchuria and her plan to withdraw troops as quickly as possible, he said, adding that the goodwill of both parties in direct negotiations for a settlement would constitute the best means toward a final solution. The council will continue to promote efforts until a settlement is reached.

Predicted United States Will Relinquish Second Place As Producer

Washington, D.C.—An ebb tide in the steady stream of gold flowing from domestic mines to well-filled United States coffers in the next decade is expected by scientists.

Troubles of Great Britain, Sweden and Norway, and other gold standard nations have revived discussion here among geologists and mineralogists of this country's future gold supply.

All held to the theory that discoveries would be negligible until existing fields slowly would be exhausted. They predict United States will relinquish second place in world production, ranking next to Canada by 1933, and drop from a valued output of \$42,800,000, in 1930, to \$36,100,000 in 1940. South Africa now leads with upwards of \$200,000,000 yearly.

Cuts Contract For Destroyers

Washington, D.C.—The United States navy has scuttled six of its 11 paper destroyers. Secretary of the Navy Adams announced the award of contracts for four vessels of this type. One destroyer had already been awarded to the New York navy yard. Eleven had been authorized by Congress.

France Will Need Wheat

Paris, France.—France's wheat yield this year, because of heavy rains and lack of sunshine, will be insufficient for her needs, official figures indicate. The Ministry of Agriculture estimates the 1931 crop at between 213,000,000 bushels and 227,000,000 bushels, 14,000,000 less than required.

B.C. Fruit For Orient

Vancouver, B.C.—With a view to popularizing British Columbia fruit in the Orient, a trial shipment of canned tomatoes, grown in the province, left on the S.S. Empress of Asia for Hong Kong and Shanghai, the other day, the same liner carrying, also, a cargo of canned loganberries for Hong Kong.

Calendar.

Oct. 10—Flying Circus at Stony Plain.
11—Harvest Thanksgiving service at United Church.
12—Dance in Moose Hall.
15—Grouse shooting season closes.
16—Inga Councils meet.
20—Sheep and Hog Show in Edmonton.
21—District Court sitting in Stony Plain.
26—Stony Plain Rifle Club's big shoot.
27—Chicken Supper, Moose Hall.
27—Meeklenburg, Optician, visits Stony Plain.

The Market Report.

WHEAT.

No. 1 Northern .....	.03.33
No. 2 Northern .....	.02.99
No. 3 Northern .....	.02.44
No. 4 Northern .....	.02.11
OATS.	
2 C. W. ....	.01.15
3 C. W. ....	.01.12
Extra 1 Feed .....	.01.12
No. 1 Feed .....	.01.11
No. 2 Feed .....	.00.69
BARLEY	
No. 2 .....	.01.14
No. 3 .....	.01.12
Feed .....	.00.69

Wanted—A man of good standing and influence to take orders from the trade in Stony Plain; big commission. News Publishing Co. Ltd., Truro, N. S. 75

GLYCERIN MIX REMOVES CAUSE OF STOMACH GAS

Simple glycerin, buckthorn bark, saline, etc., as mixed in Adlerika, acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel, removing poisons you never thought were there and which caused gas and other stomach trouble. Just ONE spoonful relieves GAS, sour-stomach, sick headache and constipation. Don't take medicine which cleans only PART of the body but let Adlerika give you a **REAL** cleaning and see now good you feel! It will surprise you! J. F. CLARKE, Druggist.

WHY SUFFER FROM HEADACHES?

Pain in and around the Eyes?

The right glasses fitted to your eyes will surely relieve you and give you comfort.

Glasses furnished Free.

Fifteen dollars examination fee.

That is far cheaper than paying \$3 to \$10 for an examination and then glasses at \$12 to \$15; but you cannot see the logic of this; you need more than glasses.

M. M. Mecklenburg,

41 Years' Experience,
28 years in Western Canada.
10170 101st St., Edmonton.

**Pleasant tasting—Refreshing—**

and gives prompt relief in cases of Sick, Headache, Nervous Headaches, Biliousness, Jaundice, Consumption, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Hiccup, Heartburn, Rheumatic or Gouty Conditions.

Wampole's Grape Salts
are highly recommended for all Skin Diseases, Rashes, Rill, Pimples, etc.

Q. Ease all Pains, Headaches, Neuralgia, Facial Fever, Chicken Pox and Herpes, to cool the blood and relieve irritation. It acts as a Cooling Laxative and Stimulates the Liver.

Get a bottle today.

Price 75¢ 50c.

For Sale by

J. F. CLARKE,
Stony Plain.

Service to the Royal's Patrons

Keen interest has been taken by local ball fans in the fortunes of the two teams engaged since Friday afternoon last in the battle for the world's baseball championship—the Philly Athletics and the St Louis Cardinals. Through the kindness of Mine Host Larson, visitors to his Royal Cafe have had the pleasure, on the various game days, of listening to the games play by play which came in over his radio receiving set.

The Street Lights.

Since the chicken shooting season opened there has been a very noticeable increase in the number of darkened street lights in town. On Saturday six new bulbs had to be installed, and on Monday three more new bulbs were installed, making the high average of 9 in three days, in a total of 18 street lights. It is reasonable to suppose that these were not due altogether to natural causes. Any of the town's juvenile good shots responsible for these "accidents" should be able to cop off some of the prizes at the big shoot Oct. 26th.

Divorce Is Sought.

Percy Thomas Bassett, a farmer of the Stony Plain district, has filed statement of claim of divorce from Oarolene Bassett (nee Caroline Haniki), whose address is given as Kerrobert, Sask. The claim asks dissolution of the marriage and costs. It was filed by Geo. J. Bryan.

Stony Plain and District

Monday next, October 12, (Thanksgiving Day) being a public holiday, all places of business in Stony Plain will be closed.

Mr O Oppertshauser, Rochefort, was a Sunday visitor in Stony.

The ranks of the local barbers were depleted Tuesday, when one of our tonsorial artists who had been occupying the old Postoffice building removed his chair and mirror.

A chicken supper and bazaar, in aid of Stony Plain and Spruce Grove Parishes, will be held in Moose Hall on Tues. Oct. 27.

At the regular meeting of the town council on Thursday a delegation was present with a petition from residents on the west end of 3d St. asking that a walkway be laid for their convenience.

Const. G R Bone has been appointed a fish warden.

If the weather conditions remain good, a record crowd is expected to be present next Monday night, at the dance given in their hall by the local Moose lodge. Mr Dave Nichols and his Junior Moose orchestra are sure to please with their music.

Just Another "Piece of Bull"

A rumor got into the papers recently that some Alberta farmers have posted their fields with invitations to step in and help yourself to the produce. This rumor was investigated by the editor of the High River Times, and the only field found to be so placarded was one in which a large bull was pawing the ground.

Spruce Grove News

The Connolly General Store is shipping several cars of potatoes and other vegetables to the mining towns on the Coal Branch.

An official from the Game Commissioner's Dept. is said to have been cruising thru this district over the weekend, looking for violators of the Game Act.

Monday's rain storm delayed threshing operations in this district.

At the earnest solicitation of the chair warmers who congregate there, the proprietor of the local eating house has commenced to keep the home fires burning, in the evenings.

Heard at the Meeting-Place.

Pippy One—Gee! I feel like a three-year-old!

Lazy One—Colt? or egg?

War on the Slow Pokes.

Many automotive papers, both in Canada and U. S., are recommending the making of slow driving an offense under the law where conditions make it dangerous. So far as some of the provinces in Canada are concerned the police already take action in aggravating cases, basing their activity on legislation now existing. There was a recent case at Minnedosa, Ont., where a driver was fined for proceeding at 17 m.p.h., and the magistrate remarked "You are causing unnecessary trouble for everybody else when you drive at that rate." Evidently the slow pokes are in danger.

Quite Apropos.

"All should learn to drive a car," says an advertisement. Especially some of those who are driving cars now.—The Edson Signal.

Open Seasons for Game.

Ducks and Geese—Sept 15 to Nov 14th.

Hungarian Partridge—Oct 1 to Nov 15.

Sharp-tailed Grouse—Oct. 1-15.

Pheasant—No open season

Deer—Nov 1 to Dec 14.

Otter, Nov. 1 to May 1.

Beaver, No Open Season.

Mustard—Between North Sask.

River and Tp. 91, Feb. 15 to April 15.

Game Licenses can be had at Sun Office, where copies of the Game Act can be seen.

Railway Time Table

Going East—Every morning at 6:23. Mon., Wed. & Fri. morning at 7:01.

Going West—Sun., Tues., & Fri. nights at 10:31. Every mid-night at 24:13.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO BE WITHOUT YOUR LOCAL PAPER—SUBSCRIBE NOW AND KEEP PAID UP.

Peck's CAPS

—are made for those men and young men who appreciate the little touch of refinement in head dress.

The most comfortable and most durable cap made for golf, motoring and all outing occasions, as well as street wear.

T. J. Hardwick, Agent
Stony Plain.

World's Grain Exhibition and Conference**Farmers Will Win**

\$210,750.00 in Prizes

The World's Grain Exhibition and Conference offers Canadian farmers an opportunity to share in cash prizes amounting to \$210,750.00. Contests in 56 competitive classes, open to the whole world, are 1,701 cash prizes. A few of the larger awards follow:

\$2,500 a first prize for 50 pounds of wheat, 30 pounds of oats.

\$1,500 for 40 pounds of barley, 50 pounds of rye.

\$600 for 50 pounds of corn.

\$300 for 30 pounds of peas, 30 pounds of flax, 20 pounds of clover.

With this splendid opportunity before them, Canadian farmers should keep a watchful eye on their growing crops. They should mark for special care those areas that appear most promising. It should be understood that all seed and grain samples, if they are not already selected, will have to be sent in crops of this year. All entries must be received by the Exhibition authorities on or before March 1, 1932.

Of vital importance to the advancement of Canadian agriculture will be the winning of World Championships in 1932 by farmers of Canada. The seed of great exhibits must demonstrate to the world the quality of Canadian field crops.

Select the classes from the prize list most suited to the crop you grow, then select your samples from the best you have. It is best to make your entry NOW.

Your sample for exhibit must be in the hands of the Secretary at Regina on or before March 1, 1932.

Valuable information relating to the preparation of grain and seed for exhibit may be secured by writing to the Secretary of the Provincial Committee, World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, care Department of Agriculture, your own province.

Show what you grow and share what you know

On application, the Secretary, World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, Imperial Bank Chambers, Regina, will send you price lists, rules and regulations governing competitive entries and by other information.

Chairman National Committee
HON. ROBERT WEIR
Minister of Agriculture for
Canada



T. J. Hardwick Agent, Stony Plain

Roman Catholic Services.**SPRUCE GROVE.**

2d Sunday 9.30. 4th Sunday 11. 5th Sunday 9.30.

STONY PLAIN.

2d Sunday 11. 4th Sunday 9.30. 5th Sunday 11.

CARVEL

1st Sunday 11. 3d Sunday 9.30.

DUFFIELD

1st Sunday 9.30. 3d Sunday 11.

GAINFORD.

1st Sunday 9.30. 3d Sunday 11.

TOMAHAWK.

1st Sunday 11. 3d Sunday 9.30

ENTWISTLE.

2d Sunday 9.30. 4th Sunday 11. 5th Sunday 9.30.

WILDWOOD.

2d Sunday 11. 4th Sunday 9.30. 5th Sunday 11.

CANADA FOR CHRIST OUR KING!

Rev. Chas. Krennan. Rev. Jas. Sullivan

SPRUCE GROVE. PHONE 072-50-33.



Here are many ideas that will prove boon to mother and baby. Sound authority gives weight to the advice concerning care of infants and young children, their health, growth and development.

We will gladly mail the books named and address.

**Eagle Brand
CONDENSED MILK**

The Borden Co., Limited CW-10
115 George St., Toronto
Send me a
FREE copy of your Baby's Record Book and Baby Welfare Book.

Name.....
Address.....

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

BY —

MARGARET PEDLER
Author Of
"The Splendid Wolf," "The Hermit
Of Fox End," London.
Hodder & Stoughton, London.

CHAPTER II.—Continued.

"It is as an insurance of good health that I come," he informed Jean gravely.

"Oh, yes, we are not here merely for pleasure—come en autres"—Madame de Varigny gestured smilingly towards a merry party of men and girls who had just come in from lugging and were stamping the snow from off their feet amid gay little outbursts of chaff and laughter. "We are here just as last year, Peterson"—the suddenly muted quality of her voice implied just the right amount of sympathetic recollection—"go that men pauchi mar may assure himself of yet another year of health."

The faintly ironical gleam in her eyes convinced Jean that, as she had shrewdly begun to suspect, the little Count was a "malade imaginaire," and once again she found herself wondering what could be the circumstances responsible for the union of two such dissimilar personalities as the high-bred, hypochondriacal little Count and the rather splendid-looking but almost certainly piebald-born woman who was his wife.

She intended, later on, to ask her father if he would supply the key to the riddle, but he had contrived to drift off during the course of her conversation with the Varignys, and, when at last she found herself free to join him, he had disappeared altogether.

She thought it very probable that he had gone out to watch the progress of a ski-ing match to which he had referred with some enthusiasm earlier in the day, and she smiled a little at the characteristic way in which he had extricated himself, at her expense, from the inconvenience of his unexpected rencontre with the Varignys.

But, two hours later, she realized that once again his superficial air of animation had deceived her. From her window she saw him coming along the frozen track that led from the hillside cemetery, and for a moment she hardly recognized her father in that suddenly shrunk, huddled figure of a man, stumbling down the path his head thrust forward and sunken on his breast.

Her first imperative instinct was to go and meet him. Her whole being

ached with the longing to let him feel the warm rush of her sympathy, to assure him that he was not utterly alone. But she checked the impulse, recognizing that he had no use for any sympathy or love which she could give.

He had never really been anything other than exterior to his life, outside his happiness, and now she felt intuitively that he would wish her to remain equally outside the temple of his grief.

He was the type of man who would bitterly resent the knowledge that any eyes had seen him at a moment of such utter, pitiable self-revelation, and it was the measure of her understanding that Jean waited quietly till he should choose to come to her.

When he came, he had more or less regained his customary poise, though he still looked strained and shaken. He addressed her abruptly.

"I've decided to go straight on to Marseilles and sail by the next boat, Jean. There's one I can catch if I start at once."

"At once?" she exclaimed, taken aback. "You don't mean—today?"

He nodded.

"Yes, this evening. I find I can get down to Montreux in time for the night mail." Then, answering her unspoken thought: "You'll be quite all right. You will be certain to hear from Lady Anne in a day or two, and, meanwhile, I'll ask Madame de Varigny to play chaperon. She'll be delighted—with a flash of the ironical humour that was never long absent from him.

"Who was she before she married the Count?" queried Jean.

"I can't tell you. She is very reticent about her antecedents—probably with good reason"—smiling grimly. "But she is a big and beautiful person, and our little Count is obviously quite happy in his choice."

"Is she rather a fascinating woman?" commented Jean.

"Fascinating—but preferable as a friend rather than an enemy. I don't know anything about her, but I wouldn't mind wagering that she has a dash of Corsican blood in her. Anyway, she will look after us all right till Anne Brennan writes."

"And if no letter comes?" suggested Jean. "Or supposing Lady Anne doesn't have me? We're rather taking things for granted, you know."

His face clouded, but cleared again almost instantly.

"She will have you. Anne would never refuse a request of mine. If not, you must come on to me, and I'll make other arrangements"—vaguely.

"I'll let the next boat go, and stay in Paris till I hear from you. But I can't wait here any longer."

He paused, then broke out hurriedly.

"I ought never to have come to this place. It's haunted. I know you understand—you always do understand, I think you quiet child—why I must go."

And Jean, looking with the clear eyes of unburnt youth into the handsome, grief-ravaged face, was suddenly conscious of a shrinking fear of that mysterious force called love, which can make, and so swiftly, terribly unmake, the lives of men and women.

CHAPTER III.

The Stranger on the Ice

"And this friend of your father's? You have not heard from her yet?"

Jean and Madame de Varigny were breakfasting together the morning after Peterson's departure.

"No. I hoped a letter might have come for me by this morning's post. But I'm afraid I shall be on your hands a day or two longer"—smiling.

"But it is a pleasure!" Madame de Varigny reassured her warmly. "My husband and I are here for another week. After that we go on to St. Moritz. He is suddenly discontented with Montavan. If, by any chance, you have not heard from Lady—Lady—I forget the name—"

"Lady Anne Brennan," supplied Jean.

A curiously concentrated expression seemed to fit for an instant across Madame de Varigny's face, but she continued coolly.

"Mais, ouïe—Lady Brennan. Eh bien, if you have not heard from her by the time we leave for St. Moritz, you must come with us. It would add greatly to our pleasure."

"It's very good of you," replied Jean. She felt frankly grateful for the suggestion, realizing that if, by any mischance, the letter should be delayed till then, Madame de Varigny's offer would considerably smooth her

TO IMPROVE YOUR APPETITE

Feeling indifferent to food? Cut of sorts! Depressed? Stimulate your digestive tract with Dr. Carter's Little Health Pill. It's simple, gentle but thorough. They'll get rid of body poisons that cause Indigestion, Gas, etc. and give you a new lease of life.

25c & 75c red packages

Ask your druggist for
CARTER'S HEALTH PILLS

path. In spite of Glynn's decision that she must join him in Paris, should Lady Anne's invitation fail to materialize, she was well aware that he would not greet her appearance on the scene with any enthusiasm.

"I suppose"—the Countess was speaking again—"I suppose Brennan is very frequent—a common name in England."

The question was put, casually, more as though for the sake of making conversation than anything else, yet Madame de Varigny seemed to await the answer with a curious anxiety.

"Oh, no," Jean replied readily enough. "I don't think it is a common name. Lady Anne married into a junior branch of the family, I believe," she added.

"That would not be considered a very good match for a peer's daughter, surely?" hazarded the Countess. "A junior branch? I suppose there was a romantic love-affair of some kind behind it?"

"It was Lady Anne's second marriage. Her first husband was a Talmarino—one of the oldest families in Italy. They were rather stiffly dressed. There was something jarring about the pertinacious catechism."

Madame de Varigny's lips trembled as she put her next question, and not even the dusky fringe of lashes could quite soften the sudden tense gleam in her eyes.

"Tor-ma-riu!" She pronounced the name with a French inflection, evidently finding the unusual English word a little beyond her powers. "What a curious name! That, I am sure, is rather uncommon. And this Lady Anne—she has children—sons? No?"

"Oh, yes. She has two sons." "Indeed?" Madame de Varigny looked interested. "And what are they called?"

Jean regarded her with mild surprise. Apparently the subject of namesakes had a peculiar fascination for her.

"I really forget. My father did once tell me, but I don't recollect what he said."

A perceptible shade of disappointment passed over the other's face, then, as though realizing that she had exhibited a rather uncalled-for curiosity, she said deprecatingly:

(To Be Continued.)

Not Peculiar To London

Well-To-Do People Taking Away From Needy Ones.

"We are interested in reading that the Hon. Phyllis Astor, only daughter of Viscount and Viscountess Astor, is one of the latest recruits to the business world." She has taken a job—or possibly it is a position—in a London west end real estate office.

It may be assumed that the Hon. Phyllis is a capable young woman who will be able to make herself useful in the office referred to and that her services will be of value to the concern hiring her. One might indulge here in a few of those standard observations about the nobility of work, the waste and wickedness of idleness and all that sort of thing.

But we can't get away from the thought that there must be a lot of girls in London who need that job much more than does the Hon. Phyllis. We do not understand that there is any lack in the Astor ladder. And by the way, this is a thought that has a wider application than to the case at hand.

For years Mother Graves' Worm Extiminator has ranked as a reliable worm preparation and it always maintains its reputation.

Ship Tomatoes To Hong Kong

With a view to popularizing British Columbia fruit in the Orient, a trial shipment of canned tomatoes, grown in the province, left on the S.S. Empress of Asia for Hong Kong and Shanghai recently, the same liner carrying also, a cargo of canned kumquats for Hong Kong.

New Plane Has No Tail

Designed By German Aviator Has Remarkable Flying Qualities

An airplane without a tail, designed by Captain Hermann Koehl, trans-Atlantic flyer, has been demonstrated before representatives of the ministry of transportation.

It has a wingspan of only 45 feet and is driven by a 28 horsepower motor. Its sponsors claim it has shown such remarkable flying qualities that it may prove to be a turning point in aeroplane construction.

IN BED WITH BACKACHE

"Two years ago I suffered with severe pains in the small of my back, and could difficultly hold myself upright. At times I had to go to bed for days at a time. I went to a hospital for months, and there certainly did me good, but they told me they could not keep giving me injections because they were not rest for 4 months away from the children. I could not bring myself to be parted from the children, so I did not go to hospital again."

"Kruschen Salts and have had no trouble with my back since."—Mrs. W.

Kruschen contains vital salts which go right down to the spine causing relief.

Soon after you start on Kruschen, the sharp pains of backache are gone. "Little salt pills" the twinges become less and less frequent, until finally you hardly know what an ache or pain is. Then, if you're wise, take a few Kruschen salts daily, to relieve relapse by continuing the tiny, tasteless pinch of Kruschen every morning.

Catarrh of Nose or Throat

Made more endurable, often benefited by inhaling vapors

VICKS
2/5 VAPORUB
OVER 15 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

Little Helps For This Week

"As he thinketh in his heart, so is he."—Proverbs xxiii. 7.

Calm soul of all things! make it mine To feel not all the chagrin of sense of Thine.

Man did not make, and cannot mar;

The will to neither strive nor cry,

The power to feel with others, give.

God made man, and let me die

Before I have begun to live."

—Matthew Arnold.

Men seek retreats, houses in the country, seashores and mountains; and thou too art wont to desire such things very much. But this is also a mark of the most common sort of men, for it is in the power whenever thou shalt choose to retire into thyself. For nowhere either with more quiet or more freedom from trouble does a man retire than into his own soul, particularly when he has within him such thoughts that by looking into them he is immediately in perfect tranquillity.

—Marcus Aurelius.

May Scrap the Battleship

British Suggests Disarmament Proposal To United States.

In anticipation of the Geneva disarmament conference next winter, British statesmen have renewed their suggestion that the United States join them in abolition of the battleship, it is learned.

British statesmen say the battleship has lost its major usefulness, that it is the greatest source of expense in naval budgets, and the best place at which to effect large economies at one stroke.

An efficacious household remedy—Canada's total wool clip is about 21,000,000 pounds a year, which Canadian mills use at least twice as much as this every year and Canadian consumption of manufactured woolens equals about four times the clip.

Canada's Wool Clip Inadequate

Canada's total wool clip is about 21,000,000 pounds a year, which Canadian mills use at least twice as much as this every year and Canadian consumption of manufactured woolens equals about four times the clip.

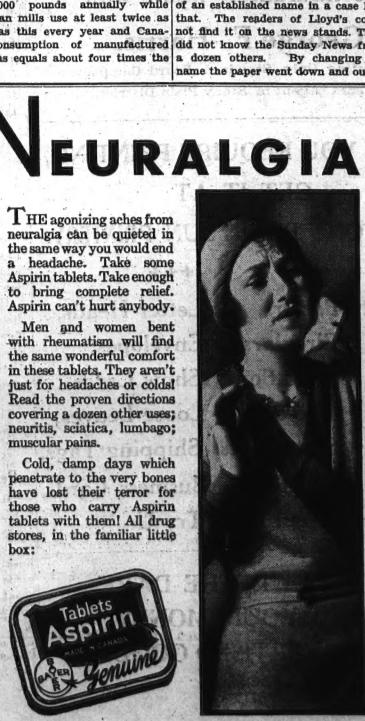
What's In A Name

When Well Established It Means Much To A Paper

When the London Sunday News stopped publication a couple of weeks ago, not even the members of its staff knew that this was about to happen. The paper had formerly been Lloyd's Weekly News, a great popular favorite and the first newspaper in England to reach the million in circulation.

It was at the top of its popularity when it was purchased by a new company, and Frank Lloyd stipulated that after a certain period the family name should be dropped from its title. The purchaser agreed to this, not knowing the supreme importance of the details of the name like that. The readers of Lloyd's could not find it on the news stands. They did not know the Sunday News from a dozen others. By changing its name the paper went down and out.

NEURALGIA



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